Audited Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information

Village of Lake Orion

Year Ended June 30, 2017 with Report of Independent Auditors



Audited Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Members of the Village Council Village of Lake Orion, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lake Orion, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lake Orion, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension and other post-employment benefit information, and the budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules of indebtedness have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

andrews Gooper Favlik PLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Village of Lake Orion's (Village) financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the Report of Independent Auditors and with the Village's financial statements, which follow this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are presented in whole dollars.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,320,836 (net position). Of this amount, \$684,800 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,256,493. Approximately 33% of this total amount, \$419,834 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$419,834, or 26% of total general fund expenditures including operating transfers.

The Village's total debt increased by \$33,994 (3%) during the current fiscal year, due to new debt less annual debt service payments made.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

• Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public works, police, streets, debt service, capital improvements, and cemetery. The business-type activity of the Village is the Water and Sewer Fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) district for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 10 of this report.

• Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances on spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, the public works fund, and the police fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 12 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The Village maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water and Sewer operation.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund which is considered to be a major fund of the Village.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on beginning on page 16 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 21 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$9,320,836 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of the Village's net position 84% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net position increased by \$135,685 during the current fiscal year.

Village of Lake Orion - Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 1,438,851	\$ 1,326,629	\$ 2,597,602	\$ 2,673,526	\$ 4,036,453	\$ 4,000,155		
Capital assets	3,463,895	3,544,826	5,390,142	5,638,581	8,854,037	9,183,407		
Total assets	4,902,746	4,871,455	7,987,744	8,312,107	12,890,490	13,183,562		
Deferred outflows	159,641	124,721	_	_	159,641	124,721		
		,			, , ,			
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	2,318,319	2,782,738	899,939	993,031	3,218,258	3,775,769		
Other liabilities	186,102	80,838	218,652	162,111	404,754	242,949		
Total liabilities	2,504,421	2,863,576	1,118,591	1,155,142	3,623,012	4,018,718		
Deferred inflows of								
resources	106,283	104,414	-	-	106,283	104,414		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital								
assets	3,424,281	3,482,686	4,447,609	4,651,368	7,871,890	8,134,054		
Restricted	764,146	671,336	-	· · · · -	764,146	671,336		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,736,744)	(2,125,836)	2,421,544	2,505,597	684,800	379,761		
Total net position	\$ 2,451,683	\$ 2,028,186	\$ 6,869,153	\$ 7,156,965	\$ 9,320,836	\$ 9,185,151		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Village of Lake Orion – Change in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charge for services	\$ 454,141	\$ 630,582	\$ 1,380,166	\$ 1,326,306	\$ 1,834,307	\$ 1,956,888		
Operating grants and								
contributions	570,098	571,772	-	-	570,098	571,772		
Capital grants and								
contributions	26,023	147	198,621	30,739	224,644	30,886		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	987,679	957,326	-	-	987,679	957,326		
State shared revenues	262,694	249,448	-	-	262,694	249,448		
Unrestricted								
investment earnings	4,080	4,777	19,316	23,969	23,396	28,746		
Transfers	160,297	21,950	(100,297)	(21,950)	60,000			
Total revenues	2,465,012	2,436,002	1,497,806	1,359,064	3,962,818	3,795,066		
_								
Expenses:								
General government	758,581	838,345	-	-	758,581	838,345		
Public safety	551,531	934,818	-	=	551,531	934,818		
Public works	626,523	1,054,372	-	-	626,523	1,054,372		
Community								
development	68,639	67,385	-	=	68,639	67,385		
Recreation and culture	32,729	29,734	-	=	32,729	29,734		
Interest on long-term								
debt	3,512	1,827	-	-	3,512	1,827		
Water and sewer	-	-	1,785,618	1,696,101	1,785,618	1,696,101		
Total expenses	2,041,515	2,926,481	1,785,618	1,696,101	3,827,133	4,622,582		
Change in net position	\$ 423,497	\$ (490,479)	\$ (287,812)	\$ (337,037)	\$ 135,685	\$ (827,516)		

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased net position by \$423,497, as compared to a decrease of \$490,479 in the prior year. This change was primarily driven by a gain in the Village's pension plan.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased net position by \$287,812, which reflect the activity in the Village's Water and Sewer Fund. In fiscal year 2017, the Water and Sewer Fund reflected an operating loss of \$381,351, which includes \$248,469 of depreciation expense.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Lake Orion uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,256,493, approximately 33% of this total amount (\$419,834) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is non-spendable (prepaid expenditures) or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for police, streets, debt service, capital projects, or to generate income to pay for the perpetual care of the municipal cemetery.

Total governmental fund balances increased by \$115,116 in 2017 as compared to an increase of \$53,909 for the 2016 fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$419,834, while the total fund balance was \$425,468. Unassigned fund balance represents 26% of total general fund expenditures including operating transfers, while the total fund balance represents 27% of that same amount. The fund balance of the Village's general fund increased \$49,436 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds. The Village's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,421,544. The Water and Sewer Fund had an operating loss of \$381,351 at year end, and a total net loss of \$287,812, as compared to an operating loss of \$347,405 and total net loss of \$337,037 in the prior fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was a \$19,726 increase in budgeted revenues between the original budget and the final amended budget. The adjustments were to account for a potential reimbursement of community development block grant expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities is \$8,854,037 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and bridges. The change in the Village's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was a 2% decrease for governmental activities, and a 4% decrease in business-type activities. Governmental capital assets additions include vehicles and equipment purchased during fiscal year 2017.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bond debt outstanding of \$957,533, and an installment loan of \$24,614. Of these amounts, \$39,614 is governmental, and \$942,533 is business-type.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's Component Unit (DDA) had an advance to the Water & Sewer Fund outstanding of \$480,000 to assist the DDA in financing the streetscape project.

The Village of Lake Orion continues to maintain a stable rating of "AA-" from Standard and Poor's for bond debt.

Economic Factors and Future Budgets and Rates

For the 2017/2018 budget year, the Village anticipates a slight increase in property tax revenue as well as a slight increase in state shared revenue received from the State of Michigan. However, the Village has experienced significant decreases in property tax revenues and investment earnings over the last several years.

The Village has made every effort to reduce expenses at the same rate as the reduction in revenue, while maintaining services to its citizens. Each year it has been an increasing challenge as the Village has seen shrinkage in staff, equipment, and other important resources.

In August 2014, the voters in the State of Michigan approved the elimination of personal property taxes, which will be phased out over the next few years. The effect of that could amount to about \$30,000 for the General Fund and close to that same amount in the DDA Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Lake Orion's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to 21 E. Church Street, Lake Orion, Michigan 48362.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	P			
	Governmental	Component		
	Activities	Activies	Total	Unit – DDA
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,133,700	\$ 1,659,972	\$ 2,793,672	\$ 258,136
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	157,023	443,032	600,055	-
Due from other governmental units	120,179	13,320	133,499	-
Prepaid expenditures	27,949	1,278	29,227	3,913
Total current assets	1,438,851	2,117,602	3,556,453	262,049
Advance to component unit		480,000	480,000	
Capital assets – non-depreciating	498,484	-	498,484	113,479
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,965,411	5,390,142	8,355,553	2,966,208
Net capital assets	3,463,895	5,390,142	8,854,037	3,079,687
Total assets	4,902,746	7,987,744	12,890,490	3,341,736
Deferred outflow of resources				
Deferred outflow related to pensions	159,641	-	159,641	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	53,866	172,363	226,229	14,201
Accrued liabilities	22,209	-	22,209	-
Current portion of compensated absences	78,813	500	79,313	-
Current portion of long-term debt	31,214	45,789	77,003	120,000
Total current liabilities	186,102	218,652	404,754	134,201
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other post employment benefit liability	886,770	-	886,770	-
Net pension liability	1,296,919	-	1,296,919	-
Compensated absences, net of current portion	126,230	3,195	129,425	-
Long-term debt, net of current portion	8,400	896,744	905,144	360,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,318,319	899,939	3,218,258	360,000
Total liabilities	2,504,421	1,118,591	3,623,012	494,201
Deferred inflow of resources				
Taxes levied for the following year	106,283	-	106,283	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,424,281	4,447,609	7,871,890	2,599,687
Restricted for:				
Police	38,324	-	38,324	-
Streets	456,317	-	456,317	-
Debt service	2,635	-	2,635	-
Perpetual care	266,870	-	266,870	-
Unrestricted	(1,736,744)	2,421,544	684,800	247,848
Total net position	\$ 2,451,683	\$ 6,869,153	\$ 9,320,836	\$ 2,847,535

Village of Lake Orion Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
			I	rogr	am Revenu	es			Pr	imar	y Governme	ent		
				C	perating		Capital							
		C	charges for	_	rants and	_	rants and		vernmental		siness-type			Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	ntributions		Activities	I	Activities		Total	Unit - DDA
Primary government														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 758,581	\$	26,776	\$	570	\$	-	\$	(731,235)	\$	-	\$	(731,235)	\$ -
Public safety	551,531		82,172		357,646		-		(111,713)		-		(111,713)	-
Public works	626,523		322,392		211,882		-		(92,249)		-		(92,249)	-
Community development	68,639		11,480		-		26,023		(31,136)		-		(31,136)	-
Recreation and culture	32,729		11,321		-		-		(21,408)		-		(21,408)	-
Interest on long-term debt	3,512		-		-		-		(3,512)		-		(3,512)	-
Total governmental activities	2,041,515		454,141		570,098		26,023		(991,253)		-		(991,253)	
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer	1,785,618		1,380,166		-		198,621		-		(206,831)		(206,831)	-
Total primary government	\$ 3,827,133	\$	1,834,307	\$	570,098	\$	224,644	\$	(991,253)	\$	(206,831)	\$ (1,198,084)	\$ -
Component unit:														
Downtown development authority	\$ 459,860	\$	66,700	\$	71,884	\$			-		-			(321,276)
	General revenue	s and	d transfers:											
	Property tax	es							987,679		-		987,679	523,753
	State shared	reve	nue						262,694		-		262,694	_
	Unrestricted	inve	stment earnin	gs					4,080		19,316		23,396	690
	Transfers			0					160,297		(100,297)		60,000	(60,000
	Total genera	l rev	enues and tra	nsfers	;				1,414,750		(80,981)		1,333,769	464,443
	Change in net po	ositic	nn .						423,497		(287,812)		135,685	143,167
	Net position at b								2,028,186		7,156,965		9,185,151	2,704,368
	Net position at e	_	~ .					\$	2,451,683	\$	6,869,153		9,320,836	\$ 2,847,535
	1 tot position at c	114 0	. ,					Ψ	2,731,003	Ψ	0,007,177	Ψ	7,520,030	Ψ 2,0 +1,333

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

			ıblic Works Fund Police Fund			Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets	- 00	iciai i unu		Tunu		ncc I unu		Tunus		Tunus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	324,280	\$	57,675	\$	62,452	\$	689,293	\$	1,133,700
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		49,564		-		106,229		1,230		157,023
Due from State		48,774		-		-		40,986		89,760
Due from County		25,910		-		4,509		-		30,419
Prepaid expenditures		5,634		10,405		11,159		751		27,949
Total assets	\$	454,162	\$	68,080	\$	184,349	\$	732,260	\$	1,438,851
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	21,433	\$	11,919	\$	17,217	\$	3,297	\$	53,866
Accrued and other liabilities		7,261		3,582		11,366		-		22,209
Total liabilities		28,694		15,501		28,583		3,297		76,075
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Taxes levied for the following year		-		-		106,283		-		106,283
Fund balance:										
Nonspendable – prepaid expenditures		5,634		10,405		11,159		751		27,949
Restricted for:										
Police		-		-		38,324		-		38,324
Streets		-		-		-		456,317		456,317
Debt service				-		-		2,635		2,635
Capital projects		-		-		-		2,390		2,390
Perpetual care				-		-		266,870		266,870
Committed for public works		-		42,174		-		-		42,174
Unassigned		419,834		-		-		-		419,834
Total fund balance		425,468		52,579		49,483		728,963		1,256,493
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and		•	•		•		•			
fund balance	\$	454,162	\$	68,080	\$	184,349	\$	732,260	\$	1,438,851

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

Total fund balance – governmental funds

\$ 1,256,493

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net cost of capital assets

3,463,895

Governmental funds report actual pension expenditures for the fiscal year, whereas the governmental activities will recognize the net pension liability as of the measurement date. Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be deferred in the statement of net position. In addition, resources related to changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings will be deferred over time in the government-wide financial statements. These amounts consist of:

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions

159,641

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Longterm liabilities at year-end consist of:

Net other post employment benefit liability	(886,770)
Net pension liability	(1,296,919)
Compensated absences	(205,043)
Long-term debt	(39,614)
Net position – governmental activities	\$ 2,451,683

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ger	neral Fund	Pul	blic Works Fund	Po	olice Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							_			
Property taxes	\$	987,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	987,679
Intergovernmental:										
Federal, state, and local		288,717		-		357,646		211,882		858,245
Charges for services		179,106		125,827		32,230		9,500		346,663
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		42,502		-		42,502
Interest		1,132		184		3		2,761		4,080
Other revenues		27,346		30,739		7,440		21		65,546
Total revenues		1,483,980		156,750		439,821		224,164		2,304,715
Expenditures										
Current:		507.706								507.706
General government		597,786		-		-		-		597,786
Public safety		-		-		717,318		-		717,318
Public works		205,878		446,385		-		125,565		777,828
Community and economic development		68,639		-		-		-		68,639
Recreation and culture		27,565		-		-		-		27,565
Other		67,632		-		-		-		67,632
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		32,758		15,000		47,758
Interest and other charges		-		-		2,289		1,223		3,512
Capital outlay		-		29,494		33,772		3,824		67,090
Total expenditures		967,500		475,879		786,137		145,612		2,375,128
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		516,480		(319,129)		(346,316)		78,552		(70,413)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from installment loan		-		-		25,232		-		25,232
Transfers in		160,297		280,089		350,567		47,714		838,667
Transfers out		(627,341)		(2,390)		-		(48,639)		(678,370)
Total other financing sources and uses		(467,044)		277,699		375,799		(925)		185,529
Net change in fund balance		49,436		(41,430)		29,483		77,627		115,116
Fund balance at beginning of year		376,032		94,009		20,000		651,336		1,141,377
Fund balance at end of year	\$	425,468	\$	52,579	\$	49,483	\$	728,963	\$	1,256,493
•					-				_	

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balance – governmental funds

\$ 115,116

Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, when capital assets are disposed prior to being fully depreciated, the loss on disposal is recorded in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	67,090
Capital outlay – departmental	129,371
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(21,674)
Depreciation expense	(255,718)

Repayment of long-term debt and borrowing of long-term debt are reported as expenditures and other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities and the borrowings increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are:

Principal repayments	47,758
Installment loan proceeds	(25,232)

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. In the current period, these items consist of:

Change in other post employment benefit liability	(68,397)
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions	34,920
Change in net pension liability	435,598
Change in compensated absences	(35,335)
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 423,497

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

Assets Current assets: \$ 1,659,972 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,659,972 Accounts receivable 443,032 Due from Township 7,575 Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Current liabilities: 500 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Compensated absences, less current portion 3,195 Compensated absences, less current portion 3,99 Total long-term liabilities 399,93 Total long-term liabilities 1,118,591 Net position 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544		Enterprise Fund	
Current assets: \$ 1,659,972 Accounts receivable 443,032 Due from Township 7,575 Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities 2 Current liabilities: 3 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544		Water and Sewer	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,659,972 Accounts receivable 443,032 Due from Township 7,575 Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: 300 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Assets		
Accounts receivable 443,032 Due from Township 7,575 Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities 2 Current liabilities: 500 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Current assets:		
Due from Township 7,575 Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets Current liabilities: Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,393 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,659,972	
Due from County 5,745 Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: 3 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Accounts receivable	443,032	
Prepaid expenses 1,278 Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: 2 Accounts payable 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Due from Township	7,575	
Total current assets 2,117,602 Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities 172,363 Current liabilities: 500 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 20mpensated absences, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Due from County	5,745	
Advance to component unit 480,000 Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: 3 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 Compensated absences, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Prepaid expenses	1,278	
Property, plant and equipment 12,480,734 Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Total inabilities: Current liabilities: 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Total current assets	2,117,602	
Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,090,592) Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 396,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Advance to component unit	480,000	
Net property, plant and equipment 5,390,142 Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities:	Property, plant and equipment	12,480,734	
Total assets 7,987,744 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(7,090,592)	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities: 218,652 Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Net property, plant and equipment	5,390,142	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of County bonds payable Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion County bonds payable, less current portion Asp6,744 Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 172,363	Total assets	7,987,744	
Accounts payable 172,363 Current portion of compensated absences 500 Current portion of County bonds payable 45,789 Total current liabilities 218,652 Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Liabilities		
Current portion of compensated absences500Current portion of County bonds payable45,789Total current liabilities218,652Long-term liabilities:\$	Current liabilities:		
Current portion of County bonds payable Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion County bonds payable, less current portion Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 45,789 218,652 Long-term liabilities: 3,195 896,744 899,939 1,118,591	Accounts payable	172,363	
Total current liabilities 218,652 Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion 3,195 County bonds payable, less current portion 896,744 Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Current portion of compensated absences	500	
Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences, less current portion County bonds payable, less current portion Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Current portion of County bonds payable	45,789	
Compensated absences, less current portion3,195County bonds payable, less current portion896,744Total long-term liabilities899,939Total liabilities1,118,591Net positionNet investment in capital assets4,447,609Unrestricted2,421,544	Total current liabilities	218,652	
Compensated absences, less current portion3,195County bonds payable, less current portion896,744Total long-term liabilities899,939Total liabilities1,118,591Net positionNet investment in capital assets4,447,609Unrestricted2,421,544	Long-term liabilities:		
County bonds payable, less current portion896,744Total long-term liabilities899,939Total liabilities1,118,591Net positionNet investment in capital assets4,447,609Unrestricted2,421,544	-	3,195	
Total long-term liabilities 899,939 Total liabilities 1,118,591 Net position Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	-	896,744	
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 4,447,609 2,421,544			
Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Total liabilities	1,118,591	
Net investment in capital assets 4,447,609 Unrestricted 2,421,544	Net position		
Unrestricted 2,421,544	-	4,447,609	
Total net position \$ 6,869,153	Total net position	\$ 6,869,153	

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 1,353,007
Penalty charges	23,383
Miscellaneous	3,776_
Total operating revenues	1,380,166
Operating expenses	
Salaries and fringe benefits	51,605
Water purchases	409,140
Sewage treatment	723,905
General and administrative	10,966
Supplies	11,825
Contract services	265,865
Equipment repairs and rentals	39,742
Depreciation	248,469
Total operating expenses	1,761,517
Operating income (loss)	(381,351)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
State grants	195,999
Interest earned	19,316
Interest expense and related fees	(24,101)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	191,214
Loss before contributions and transfers	(190,137)
Transfers to other funds	(100,297)
Capital contributions – tap fees	2,622
Change in net position	(287,812)
Net position at beginning of period	7,156,965
Net position at end of period	\$ 6,869,153

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ent	erprise Fund
	Wat	er and Sewer
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,476,832
Payments to suppliers		(1,451,191)
Payments to employees		(51,605)
Net cash from operating activities		(25,964)
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities		
Capital contributions		2,622
State grants proceeds		195,999
Principal paid on capital debt		(46,833)
Interest paid on capital debt		(24,101)
Other payments		(100,297)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		27,390
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest earned		19,316
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		20,742
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,639,230
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1,659,972
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		
cash from operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(381,351)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation		248,469
Change in receivables		(23,334)
Change in advance to component unit		120,000
Change in accounts payable		10,252
Net cash from operating activities	\$	(25,964)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Retiree Healthcare Agency		gency
	Trust Fund	I	Fund
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	77,583
Investments, at fair value:			
Mutual funds	103,539		-
Total assets	103,539		77,583
Liabilities			
Due to other			77,583
Net Position			
Held in trust for retirement benefits	\$ 103,539	\$	-

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 10,000
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in fair value of investments	11,457
Total additions	21,457
Deductions	
Fees	432
Change in net position	21,025
Net position at beginning of year	82,514
Net position at end of year	\$ 103,539

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Lake Orion (Village) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies used by the Village.

Reporting Entity

The Village was incorporated in 1859. The Village operates under an elected Village Council, with a full-time Village Manager appointed by the Council to carry out the policies that it establishes. Services are provided to approximately 2,975 residents in the areas of police, refuse removal, parks and recreation, road construction, lighting, maintenance, and water and sewer.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Downtown Development Authority (DDA)

The Village of Lake Orion Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was established to promote economic growth and revitalization of the Village's business district. The DDA Board is appointed by the Village Council and the annual operating budget and any modifications require the approval of the Village Council. The DDA has a June 30 fiscal year end.

Description of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Description of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function of segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Village's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the Village has one discretely presented component unit. Although all may not be considered to be major component units, they are nevertheless shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and other charges between the Village's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Public Works Fund – Public Works Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activity of the Department of Public Works, including cemetery operations.

Police Fund – Police Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the police department.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Proprietary funds include the enterprise fund types.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Village Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The Village has one enterprise fund, which is the Water and Sewer Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds include the following fund types:

Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund – Retiree Healthcare Trust Fund accumulates resources for future retiree health care payments.

Agency Fund – Agency Fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Fund – Special Revenue Fund account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects).

Debt Service Fund – Debt Service Fund account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

Capital Project Fund – Capital Project Fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.)

Permanent Fund – Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. This includes the Perpetual Care Fund for the municipal cemetery.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (continued)

During the course of operations the Village has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as "due from/to other funds" and "advances to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the governmentwide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, all special revenue funds, capital project funds, enterprise and internal service funds and the discretely presented component unit. The DDA budget is based upon a fiscal year which matches the Village's fiscal year. The Village Administrator submits to the Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting basis utilized by the fund. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the Council. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The Village does not maintain a formal encumbrance accounting system. The budgets are adopted on a functional basis. Expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts by function for these funds. The Village Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Council.

Comparisons to budget are presented as required by GAAP for all major governmental funds for which budgets were legally adopted. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper of certain investment grades, and deposits of Michigan commercial banks. Investments for the Village, as well as for its component units, are recorded at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, which are recorded at \$0 as of June 30, 2017.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the Village), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Land improvements	10-50 years
Buildings	40 years
Street and road improvements	50 years
Water and sewer lines	50 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

Compensated Absences

In accordance with contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the Village and the Village's internal policy, individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. The long-term portion of compensated absences related to the governmental funds is a liability recorded in the statement of net position. This liability is composed of employees who retire and any unused vacation paid upon termination of employment.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type state of net position. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in those funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance which comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable – amounts which cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as creditors, grantors, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislations.

Committed – amounts which are subject to limitations the Village imposes upon itself through official actions made by the Village Council, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned – amounts neither restricted nor committed for which the Village has a stated intended use as established by the Village Council or an official to which the Village Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Village would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the systems. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

2. Deposits and Investments

Under State law, the Village is permitted to invest in deposits with Michigan commercial banks, savings and loans and credit unions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and corporate bonds and commercial paper with certain investment grades.

The following information, as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement number 40 is presented, regarding the Village's deposits and investments:

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be recovered. Neither State law nor the Village's investment policy requires consideration of custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the Village's book balance of its deposits was \$2,870,780; the total book balance was \$2,871,255, due to \$475 in cash on hand. The bank balance was \$2,948,107 which was exposed to custodial credit risk, as follows:

	Bank Balance
Insured by FDIC Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 1,370,533 1,577,574
Total	\$ 2,948,107

A reconciliation of cash for the primary government follows:

Cash and cash equivalents per:	
Statement of net position	\$ 2,793,672
Statement of fiduciary net position	77,583
Total	\$ 2,871,255

As of June 30, 2017, the carrying amount and bank balances of the component units of the Village are as follows:

	Carrying	Bank	FDIC
	Amount	Balance	Insured
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 258,136	\$ 258,136	\$ 60,019

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

2. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing rates. The Village's deposits and investments consisted of the following:

Deposits and Investments	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Primary Government:		
Savings and checking accounts	\$ 1,386,876	Demand
Pooled investments (share price \$1)	484,379	Demand
Certificates of Deposits – less than one year	700,000	365 days
Certificates of Deposits – more than one year	300,000	730 days
	\$ 2,871,255	
Trust Funds:		
Mutual Funds – Bonds	\$ 29,593	N/A
Mutual Funds – Equity	73,946	N/A
	\$ 103,539	

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds, and qualified external investment pools as identified above. The Village has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Village does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. The Village does not have a policy that would limit exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Village does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. Therefore, there is no custodial credit risk for investments to be disclosed.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

2. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investment and Deposit Risk (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Village's investment policy places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer.

3. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The transfers between funds may be summarized as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Public Works Fund	General Fund	\$ 272,950
Police Fund	General Fund	350,567
Capital Improvement Fund	General Fund	3,824
Capital Improvement Fund	Public Works Fund	2,390
General Fund	Water Sewer Fund	100,297
General Fund	DDA	60,000
Public Works Fund	Cemetery Trust	7,139
Local Street Fund	Major Street Fund	25,000
North Shore Bridge Debt	Local Street Fund	16,500
		\$ 838,667

Interfund transfers are used to: 1) transfer revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; 2) transfer receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; and 3) transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to other funds to finance various programs accounted for in the other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for primary government for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Ending Balance
						•	
General							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	498,484	\$		\$		\$ 498,484
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements		417,126		27,339		-	444,465
Street and road improvements		2,371,147		-		-	2,371,147
Building and improvements		1,451,425		2,254		-	1,453,679
Machinery and equipment		583,208		64,046		(9,975)	637,279
Vehicles		577,103		102,822		(29,556)	650,369
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,400,009		196,461		(39,531)	5,556,939
Accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements		(345,494)		(28,545)		-	(374,039)
Street and road improvements		(738,028)		(47,423)		-	(785,451)
Building and improvements		(341,595)		(74,027)		-	(415,622)
Machinery and equipment		(479,630)		(54,079)		9,975	(523,734)
Vehicles		(448,920)		(51,644)		7,882	(492,682)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,353,667)		(255,718)		17,857	(2,591,528)
Total general capital assets being							
depreciated, net		3,046,342		(59,257)		(21,674)	2,965,411
Total governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	3,544,826	\$	(59,257)	\$	(21,674)	\$ 3,463,895

The depreciation expense was \$255,718 during the year.

Depreciation expense was charged on the statement of activities as follows:

Governmental Activities							
General government	\$	128,518					
Public safety	Ψ	53,568					
Public works		68,468					
Recreation and culture		5,164					
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	255,718					

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

4. Capital Assets (continued)

		Beginning					Ending
Business-Type Activities	Balance		Additions		Disposals		Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Water and sewer mains	\$	11,373,003	\$	30	\$	-	\$ 11,373,033
Equipment		206,988		-		-	206,988
Intangible assets – water lines		900,713		-		-	900,713
Total capital assets being depreciated		12,480,704		30		-	12,480,734
Accumulated depreciation:							
Water and sewer mains		(6,151,153)		(228,609)		-	(6,379,762)
Equipment		(195,576)		-		2,658	(192,918)
Intangible assets – water lines		(495,394)		(22,518)		-	(517,912)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,842,123)		(251,127)		2,658	(7,090,592)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	5,638,581	\$	(251,096)	\$	2,658	\$ 5,390,142

Depreciation expense was \$251,127 during the year. All depreciation expense was charged to the water and sewer function in the statement of activities.

		Beginning						Ending
Component Unit – DDA	Balance		Additions		Disposals		Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	-	\$	113,479	\$	-	\$	113,479
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		790,833		7,788		-		798,621
Street and road improvements		3,047,010		-		-		3,047,010
Building and improvements	499,000			-		_		499,000
Equipment		12,175		599		-		12,774
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,349,018		8,387		-		4,357,405
Accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		(504,366)		(35,848)		-		(540,214)
Street and road improvements		(636,681)		(72,651)		-		(709,332)
Building and improvements		(118,512)		(12,474)		-		(130,986)
Equipment		(11,165)		-		500		(10,665)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,270,724)		(120,973)		500		(1,391,197)
Component unit capital assets being		,		,				
depreciated, net		3,078,294		(112,586)		500		2,966,208
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	3,078,294	\$	893	\$	500	\$	3,079,687

Depreciation expense was \$120,973 during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

5. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Village for the year ended June 30, 2017:

				Add:	Ret	Less: tirements				
	I	Balance		ditional Debt	Pa	and ayments	I	Balance	Du	e Within
	Ju	ly 1, 2016	In	curred	0	n Debt	Jun	e 30, 2017	O	ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
MTF Bonds	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	15,000
Installment loan		32,140		25,232		32,758		24,614		16,214
Compensated absences		169,708		35,335		-		205,043		78,813
Total governmental activities		231,848		60,567		47,758		244,657		110,027
Business-type Activities:										
County Interceptor Bonds		987,213		_		44,680		942,533		45,789
Compensated absences		5,818		-		2,123		3,695		500
Total business-type activities		993,031		-		46,803		946,228		46,289
Total	\$ 1	1,224,879	\$	60,567	\$	94,561	\$ 1	,190,885	\$	156,316
Component Unit – DDA:					4			400.000		150.000
Long-term advance	\$	600,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$	480,000	\$	120,000

The following is a summary of general obligation debt outstanding (excluding compensated absences) of the Village as of June 30, 2017:

	Number of Issues	Interest Rate	Maturing Through	Principal Outstanding
Governmental Activities:				
MTF Bonds	1	4.10%	2018	\$ 15,000
Installment loan	2	6.00-6.50%	2019	24,614
				\$ 39,614
Business-type Activities: County Interceptor Bonds	7	2.00-5.90%	2035	\$ 942,533
Component Unit – DDA Long term advance	1	2.00%	2021	\$ 480,000

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

In July 2010, the Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Drainage Board assessed the Village of Lake Orion, along with other communities within the drainage district, for the maintenance and rehabilitation of the Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain, under the provisions of the Michigan Drain Code, Public Act 40 of 1956, Section 526. Bonds were issued in the amount of \$26,076,000, Series 2010A, maturing in 2031 with an interest rate of 2.50%, \$6,731,484, Series 2010B, maturing in 2030 with interest rates of 1.45-5.90%, Series 2011, maturing in 2033 with an interest rate of 2.50%, \$65,140,000, Series 2013A, maturing in 2034 with an interest rate of 2.00%, Series 2014A maturing in 2034 with interest rates of 2.00-3.50%, and Series 2015 maturing in 2035 with interest rates of 2.00-3.50%. The Village's portion of .6612% of the total debt is \$942,533.

During fiscal year 2011, the Downtown Development Authority commenced construction on a Streetscape and Children's Park improvement projects. The Village has authorized an amount of up to \$1,200,000 be loaned to the DDA from the Water and Sewer Fund. The loan was made by transfers in incremental amounts as necessary for payment by the DDA of its financial obligations for the improvements. All loan amounts transferred will bear interest at the simple annual interest rate of 2.00% from the date of transfer until full repayment. Repayment will be made in 10 annual installments commencing October 1, 2011 through 2021.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ivities Business-type A		
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$ 31,214	\$ 2,607	\$ 45,789	\$ 22,540	
2019	8,400	504	46,904	21,476	
2020	-	-	48,030	20,373	
2021	_	-	49,211	19,231	
2022	-	-	50,346	18,053	
2023-2027	-	-	271,090	71,234	
2028-2032	-	-	288,323	35,308	
2033-2035	-	-	142,840	5,152	
-	\$ 39,614	\$ 3,111	\$ 942,533	\$ 213,367	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Component Unit	– שעא
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Year Ended	P	rincipal	Interest		
2018	\$	120,000	\$	9,600	
2019		120,000		7,200	
2020		120,000		4,800	
2021		120,000		2,400	
	\$	480,000	\$	24,000	

6. Employees' Retirement System

General Plan Information

The Village participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member retirement board. MERS is a not-for-profit organization that was granted independence from the State of Michigan pursuant to Public Act 220 of 1996, effective August 15, 1996. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the MERS website at http://www.mersofmich.com or in writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Benefits Provided

The Village's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PA 427 of 1984, as amended, established and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Plan covers all full-time employees at the Village including union and non-union employees. As of July 1, 2012, the Village closed all defined benefit groups to new members. Benefits are calculated as 2.25% of the employee's three-year final average compensation multiplied by the employee's years of service with a maximum of 80% of final average compensation. Normal retirement age is 60. Deferred retirement benefits vest after 10 years of credited service but are not paid until the date retirement would have occurred if the member had remained an employee.

Benefit terms, within the guidelines established by MERS, are generally established and amended by authority of the Village Council, generally after negotiations of these terms with the affected unions. Police employee benefit terms may be subject to binding arbitration in certain circumstances.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

6. Employees' Retirement System (continued)

As of the December 31, 2016 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	5
Total employees covered by MERS plan	22

Contributions

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan Constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the average active employee contribution rate was 5.00% of gross wages for police union employees and 5.00% of gross wages for public works employees. The Village's contribution rate was a monthly flat rate of \$9,603.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported as of June 30, 2017 was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the plan net position as of December 31, 2016. The December 31, 2016 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

6. Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		tal Pension Liability		Plan Net Position		et Pension Liability
Balance as of December 31, 2015	\$	4,217,791	\$	2,485,274	\$	1,732,517
Service cost		28,587		-		28,587
Interest		326,778		-		326,778
Contributions – employer		_		114,072		(114,072)
Contributions – employee		_		13,867		(13,867)
Net investment income		_		275,341		(275,341)
Differences between expected and						,
actual experience		(393,125)		_		(393,125)
Change in assumptions		_		_		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(294,716)		(294,716)		-
Administrative expenses		_		(5,442)		5,442
Net changes		(332,476)		103,122		(435,598)
Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$	3,885,315	\$	2,588,396	\$	1,296,919

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

6. Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ending June 30, 2017, the Village recognized a pension gain of \$198,550. At June 30, 2017, the Village reported deferred outflow of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rces
102,023	\$	-
57,618	Φ.	-
	57,618 159,641	

^{*} Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30		Amount		
2018	\$	39,568		
2019	7	39,568		
2020		39,568		
2021		(16,681)		

^{**} The amount reported as deferred outflow of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

6. Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table of a 50% male and 50% female blend with rates multiplied by 105%. For disabled retirees, the 50% male and 50% female blend of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables were used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study in 2013.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of December 31, 2016, the measurement date, for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	58%	5.0%
Global fixed income	20%	2.2%
Real assets	12%	4.2%
Diversifying strategies	10%	6.6%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

6. Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Village, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Net pension liability	\$ 1,650,929	\$ 1,296,919	\$ 989,422

7. Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description

The Village provides health care benefits to nine retirees in accordance with their respective labor contracts. The Village includes these retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with three having no contribution required by the participants and six that have 25% contribution requirements. In addition, there are six active employees currently covered by the plan. Expenditures for post-employment health care benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due. During the year, this amounted to \$94,956, net of participant contributions.

Funding Policy

The Village has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment (in other words, the plan may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis). For the year ending June 30, 2017, the amount of the contribution was \$94,956.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Village's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

7. Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 116,067
Interest on net OPEB obligation	57,286
Annual OPEB cost	173,353
Payments of current premiums	(94,956)
Advance funding	(10,000)
Change in net OPEB obligation	68,397
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	818,373
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$ 886,770

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
06/30/2015	\$ 232,790	\$ 99,930	43%	\$ 695,403		
06/30/2016	233,082	110,112	47%	818,373		
06/30/2017	173,353	104,956	61%	886,770		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, expected future working life, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

7. Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The funded status of the plan is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percent of
Valuation	Value of	Liability	\mathbf{AAL}	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Pavroll	Pavroll
	TIBBELB	(11111)	(CIMIL)	Ratio	1 ayron	1 ayron
	1133013	(IIII)	(CHIL)	Katio	1 ayron	1 dy10H

This trend information was obtained from the most recently issued actuarial reports.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

8. Property Taxes

Property tax assessments are determined as of each December 31. Taxes are levied on July 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on August 31 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county delinquent tax roll. The Village's property taxes are accounted for in the general fund and the downtown development authority. Village property tax revenues are recognized in the current year as revenue in accordance with guidelines of the State of Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

8. Property Taxes (continued)

The Village is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to \$20 per \$1,000 of equalized valuation for general governmental services. The following is a summary of the tax rates levied on the 2016 tax roll:

		Per \$1,000 Equalize					
Purpose	Authorization	Authorized Rate	Authorized Rate Post "Roll Back"	Rate Levied			
Operating	State Law	20.00	11.6554	10.1136			

Under terms of an agreement with the Charter Township of Orion, the Township remits to the Village the equivalent of two mills (as rolled back by State law) of property taxes, which represents a special-voted tax levied on all Township residents (including Village residents) for police services. In accordance with the agreement, the Village will decrease its tax levy by an equal amount. The December 31, 2016 Township tax levy is paid by residents through February 2017. The Township remits its payment to the Village through June 2017, which will be used to replace the July 1, 2017 tax levy.

9. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, an employee's injuries (workers' compensation). The Village has purchased commercial insurance coverage through various policies for general liability, property, vehicle, and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Village is a member of the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool for its general liability insurance coverage and a member of the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund for its workers compensation coverage. The Village pays annual premiums to the pools. The pools are self-sustaining through member premiums, and each carries reinsurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of the pool loss reserve fund.

In the event that a single loss should exceed the amount of protection afforded by the pool loss reserve fund, reinsurance, or other insurance carried by the pools, in the event that a series of losses should deplete or exhaust the loss reserve fund and reinsurance, the payment of valid losses shall be the obligation of the individual member or members of the respective pool against whom the claim was made. No such event has occurred with the Village and the pools to which it belongs in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

10. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted by the Village Council for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds after a public hearing is held. The budget basis of accounting does not differ significantly for the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures for these funds. The budget is adopted at the activity level and control is exercised at the activity level. The Village Council monitors and amends the budgets as necessary. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end. The Village does not maintain a formalized encumbrance accounting system. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once goods are delivered or services are rendered.

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village charter requires two regular council meetings per month. By the first meeting in April, a proposed operating budget must be submitted to the Village Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. A public hearing and adoption of the budget is required by the first meeting in May.
- 3. On or before June 15, the tax rate must be set and the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a budget resolution (general appropriation act).
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general and special revenue funds. Budgets for these funds are prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The general fund and special revenue fund budgets are adopted at the activity level.
- 5. Budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 6. The Village Council may authorize supplemental appropriations (budget amendments) during the year. In fiscal year 2017, several budget amendments were made.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

10. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

Excess Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1) as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Village incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Budget	Actual			
Budget Item	Appropriation	Expenditure	Variance		
General Fund					
Village manager	\$ 99,446	\$ 99,457	\$ 11		
Treasurer	95,736	96,445	709		
Street lighting	38,500	44,838	6,338		
Public Works Fund					
Wages and benefits	290,646	312,169	21,523		
Repairs and maintenance	30,736	30,799	63		
Cemetery	58,563	61,149	2,586		
Public works	30,034	30,490	456		
Police Fund					
Capital outlay	8,540	33,772	25,232		

11. Joint Venture

North Oakland Transportation Authority

The Authority provides transportation services for the following six entities: the Charter Township of Oxford, the Charter Township of Orion, the Township of Addison, the Village of Lake Orion, the Village of Leonard, and the Village of Oxford. The Authority's board consists of nine members of which the Village of Lake Orion appoints one. The North Oakland Transportation Authority is not considered a part of the reporting entity of the Village of Lake Orion. Separate financial statements of the joint venture may be obtained at North Oakland Transportation Authority, 467 East Jackson St., Lake Orion, Michigan 48362.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

12. Tax Abatements

The Village granted reduced property tax revenue to qualified low income housing programs (PA 346 of 1966). Qualified low-income housing is exempt from property taxes, but pay a fee in lieu of taxes based on a percentage of their rents. The amount of tax forgone was determined by subtracting the fee in lieu of taxes paid from the amount of tax that would have been calculated had PA 345 of 1966 not covered these properties. The Village received approximately \$11,000 in lieu of taxes.

The Village granted reduced property tax revenue as a result of issuing a Commercial Facilities Tax exemption (PA 255 of 1978). Commercial Facilities Exemptions are intended to promote commercial redevelopment and restoration of commercial facilities. Under the Commercial Facilities Exemption Certificate, the restored commercial facility is exempt from ad valorem taxation on the facility and personal property within the facility. The taxable value of facility is also frozen. The Village's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$3,000 under this program.

13. Upcoming Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions, which addresses accounting and reporting by employer governments that provide OPEB benefits to their employees. The Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense. The Statement also addresses certain circumstances in which a nonemployer entity provides financial support for OPEB of employees of another entity. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.



Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB 68)

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 28,587	\$ 27,164	\$ 33,257
Interest	326,778	329,227	308,260
Difference between expected and actual experience	(393,125)	(5,100)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	184,225	-
Benefit payments including refunds	(294,716)	(336,654)	(318,528)
Net change in total pension liability	(332,476)	198,862	22,989
Total pension liability at beginning of year	4,217,791	4,018,929	3,995,940
Total pension liability at end of year	\$ 3,885,315	\$ 4,217,791	\$ 4,018,929
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions – employer	114,072	\$ 107,640	\$ 107,334
Contributions – employee	13,867	14,348	16,627
Net investment income	275,341	(38,613)	171,339
Benefit payments including refunds	(294,716)	(336,654)	(318,528)
Administrative expense	(5,442)	(5,808)	(6,252)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	103,122	(259,087)	(29,480)
Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year	2,485,274	2,744,361	2,773,841
Plan fiduciary net position at end of year	\$ 2,588,396	\$ 2,485,274	\$ 2,744,361
Villages net pension liability at end of year	\$ 1,296,919	\$ 1,732,517	\$ 1,274,568
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.6%	58.9%	68.3%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 277,342	\$ 268,611	\$ 324,635
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	467.6%	645.0%	392.6%

Notes to schedule:

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily agree to the fiscal year.

Schedule of Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2017

County	 2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2	2010	2009		2008
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 115,236 115,236	•	112,908 112,908	\$ 102,012 102,012	\$ 113,016 113,016	\$ 102,960 102,960	\$ 89,448 89,448	\$ 67,977 67,977		69,506 69,506	\$ 100,3 100,3 \$		\$ 114,137 114,137 \$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 277,342	\$	268,611	\$ 324,635	\$ 378,751	\$ 489,211	\$ 666,239	\$ 667,434	\$ 6	559,155	\$ 834,5	09	\$ 905,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	41.6%		42.0%	31.4%	29.8%	21.0%	13.4%	10.2%		10.5%	12.	0%	12.6%

Notes to schedule

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 18 months prior to the

beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are required

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75

Retirement age Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality 50% male / 50% female blend of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, with rates multiplied by 105%; RP-2014 Employee

Mortality Tables; and RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables.

Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Other Post Employment Benefits

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent alternative measurement valuation date is presented in the schedule of funding progress as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Underfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)		Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
6/30/2009	\$ -	\$ 2,492,456		2,492,456	0.0%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2012	30,779	2,916,357		2,885,578	1.1%	N/A	N/A
6/30/2015	72,465	1,840,631		1,768,166	3.9%	N/A	N/A

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Percentage of Annual OPEB									
Year	4	Annual	\mathbf{A}	mount of	Cost	N	et OPEB		
Ended	Ol	PEB Cost	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Obligation			
6/30/2015 6/30/2016 6/30/2017	\$	232,790 233,082 173,353	\$	99,930 110,112 104,956	43% 47% 61%	\$	695,406 818,373 886,770		

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the date of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2015

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Cost Method

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Interest rate on net OPEB obligation 7.00%

Medical care cost trend rate

National Health Expenditures Table 3; 2005-2020

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Original	1 111111	1100001	(riegutive)
Property taxes	\$ 960,413	\$ 960,413	\$ 956,272	\$ (4,141)
Penalties and interest	2,000	2,000	3,537	1,537
In lieu of taxes	27,300	27,300	27,870	570
Intergovernmental – Federal/CDBG	9,256	25,910	26,023	113
Intergovernmental – State	249,500	249,500	262,694	13,194
Charges for services	176,000	176,000	179,106	3,106
Interest earnings	800	800	1,132	332
Other revenues		4,872	27,346	22,474
Total revenues	1,425,269	1,446,795	1,483,980	37,185
Expenditures				
General government:				
Village council	3,021	3,021	2,345	676
Village manager	98,206	99,446	99,457	(11)
Clerk	83,367	84,197	81,180	3,017
Treasurer	94,846	95,736	96,445	(709)
Municipal building	243,148	270,094	265,885	4,209
Data processing	22,000	23,600	21,153	2,447
Professional services	45,146	36,146	31,321	4,825
	589,734	612,240	597,786	14,454
Public works:				
Sanitation	161,040	161,040	161,040	-
Street lighting	35,000	38,500	44,838	(6,338)
	196,040	199,540	205,878	(6,338)
Community and economic development:				
Community development and block grant	9,675	11,926	11,279	647
Planning and zoning	58,035	57,604	57,360	244
	67,710	69,530	68,639	891
Recreation and cultural:				
Parks and Recreation	28,094	28,094	27,565	529
Other functions:				
Insurance	65,816	67,716	67,632	84
Total expenditures	947,394	977,120	967,500	9,620
Excess of revenues over expenditures	477,875	469,675	516,480	46,805
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	162,297	160,297	160,297	-
Transfers out	(635,767)	(625,767)	(627,341)	1,574
Total other financing sources (uses)	(473,470)	(465,470)	(467,044)	1,574
Net change in fund balance	4,405	4,205	49,436	45,231
Fund balance at beginning of period	376,032	376,032	376,032	
Fund balance at end of period	\$ 380,437	\$ 380,237	\$ 425,468	\$ 45,231
I			-, -, -,	-, -,

Public Works Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	()riginal		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues							<u> </u>
Charges for services	\$	32,136	\$	31,200	\$ 31,200	\$	-
Equipment rental		85,000		85,000	64,714		(20,286)
Cemetery		23,000		23,000	29,913		6,913
Interest income		200		200	184		(16)
Other		-		-	30,739		30,739
Total revenues		140,336		139,400	156,750		17,350
Expenditures							
Public works:							
Wages and benefits		289,065		290,646	312,169		(21,523)
Repairs and maintenance		22,000		30,736	30,799		(63)
Other		39,822		39,222	31,179		8,043
Cemetery		53,380		58,563	61,149		(2,586)
Phase II Stormwater		15,981		11,281	10,093		1,188
Public works		-		30,034	30,490		(456)
Total expenditures		420,248		460,482	475,879		(15,397)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(279,912)		(321,082)	(319,129)		1,953
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		279,950		279,950	280,089		(139)
Transfers out		-		-	(2,390)		2,390
Total other financing sources (uses)		279,950		279,950	277,699		2,251
Net change in fund balance		38		(41,132)	(41,430)		(298)
Fund balance at beginning of year		94,009		94,009	 94,009		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	94,047	\$	52,877	\$ 52,579	\$	(298)

Police Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Fin	iance with al Budget
	Original		Final	Actual	_	Positive Jegative)
Revenues	 Ji igiliai		Tillai	Actual	(11	legative)
Intergovernmental – State	\$ 1,300	\$	1,300	\$ 1,223	\$	(77)
Intergovernmental – Local	357,500		357,500	356,423		(1,077)
Charges for services	15,000		41,146	32,230		(8,916)
Fines and forfeitures	59,500		59,500	42,502		(16,998)
Interest	-		-	3		3
Other	8,000		8,000	7,440		(560)
Total revenues	441,300		467,446	439,821		(27,625)
Expenditures						
Wages and benefits	638,702		627,002	594,575		32,427
Other	145,465		149,665	122,743		26,922
Debt service	17,700		35,306	35,047		259
Capital outlay	_		8,540	33,772		(25,232)
Total expenditures	801,867		820,513	786,137		34,376
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (360,567)		(353,067)	(346,316)		6,751
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from installment loan	-		-	25,232		25,232
Transfers in	360,567		350,567	350,567		· -
Transfers out	-		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	360,567		350,567	375,799		25,232
Net change in fund balance	_		(2,500)	29,483		31,983
Fund balance at beginning of year	20,000		20,000	20,000		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 20,000	\$	17,500	\$ 49,483	\$	31,983



Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

		Special 1	Rev	enue	De	bt Service	!	Capital Project	Pe	ermanent Fund		
	Ma	jor Street	Lo	cal Street		orth Shore Bridge		Capital provement		emetery erpetual Care	•	Total
Assets												
Cash	\$	296,351	\$	122,277	\$	2,635	\$	2,390	\$	265,640	\$	689,293
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		1,230		1,230
Due from State		28,605		12,381		-		-		-		40,986
Prepaid expenses		259		492		-		-		-		751
Total assets	\$	325,215	\$	135,150	\$	2,635	\$	2,390	\$	266,870	\$	732,260
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	1,080	\$	2,217	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,297
recounts payable	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	2,217	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	3,271
Fund balance:												
Nonspendable – prepaid		259		492		-		-		-		751
Restricted for streets		323,876		132,441		-		-		-		456,317
Restricted for debt service		-		-		2,635		-		-		2,635
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		-		2,390		-		2,390
Restricted for perpetual care		-		-		-		-		266,870		266,870
Total fund balance		324,135		132,933		2,635		2,390		266,870		728,963
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	325,215	\$	135,150	\$	2,635	\$	2,390	\$	266,870	\$	732,260

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue		D	Debt Service Capital Project		Permanent Fund			
	Major Stre	et L	ocal Street	N	North Shore Bridge	Capital Improvement	Cemetery Perpetual Care		Total
Revenues						-			
State-shared revenue	\$ 147,87	7 \$	64,005	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	211,882
Charges for services		-	-		-	-	9,500		9,500
Interest earned	58	5	300		-	-	1,876		2,761
Other revenues	1	0	11		-	-	-		21
Total revenues	148,47	2	64,316		-	-	11,376		224,164
Expenditures									
Highways, streets, sidewalks and									
other maintenance	48,53	4	77,031		-	-	-		125,565
Debt service:									
Principal		-	-		15,000	-	-		15,000
Interest and other charges		-	-		1,223	-	-		1,223
Capital outlay		-	_			3,824	-		3,824
Total expenditures	48,53	4	77,031		16,223	3,824	-		145,612
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	99,93	8	(12,715))	(16,223)	(3,824)	11,376		78,552
Other financing sources (uses):									
Operating transfers in		-	25,000		16,500	6,214	-		47,714
Operating transfers out	(25,00	0)	(16,500))	-	-	(7,139)		(48,639)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(25,00	0)	8,500		16,500	6,214	(7,139)		(925)
Change in fund balance	74,93	8	(4,215))	277	2,390	4,237		77,627
Fund balance at beginning of year	249,19		137,148		2,358	-	262,633		651,336
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 324,13	5 \$	132,933	\$	2,635	\$ 2,390	\$ 266,870	\$	728,963

Combining Balance Sheet Component Unit – DDA

June 30, 2017

	Downtown Development		Acq	Property uisition			
	<u>A</u>	uthority	<u> </u>	und		Total	
Assets							
Cash	\$	257,538	\$	598	\$	258,136	
Prepaid expenditures		3,913		-		3,913	
Total assets	\$	261,451	\$	598	\$	262,049	
Liabilities and fund balance							
Accounts payable	\$	14,201	\$	_	\$	14,201	
Fund balance	Ψ	247,250	Ψ	598	Ψ	247,848	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	261,451	\$	598	\$	262,049	
Reconciliation to statement of net position	<u>:</u>						
Fund balance as of June 30, 2017	_				\$	247,848	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,							
therefore, are not reported in the funds.						3,079,687	
Long-term liabilities, including long term				oayable			
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						(480,000)	
Net position of governmental activities – c	ompo	nent unit			\$	2,847,535	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance $Component\ Unit-DDA$

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Downtown I Development Authority		DDA Property Acquisition Fund			Total	
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	523,753	\$	-	\$	523,753	
Intergovernmental:		71 004				71 004	
Federal, state and local		71,884		-		71,884	
Charges for services Interest		66,700		- 1		66,700	
Total revenues		689 663,026		1 1		690 663,027	
		,					
Expenditures							
Community development		322,770		-		322,770	
Debt service:							
Principal		120,000		-		120,000	
Interest and other charges		12,000		-		12,000	
Capital outlay		126,483		-		126,483	
Total expenditures		581,253		-		581,253	
Europa (deficiency) of management							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		01 772		1		01 774	
over expenditures		81,773		1		81,774	
Other financing uses							
Transfers out		(60,000)		-		(60,000)	
Net change in fund balance		21,773		1		21,774	
Fund balance at beginning of year		225,477		597		226,074	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	247,250	\$	598	\$	247,848	
Reconciliation to statement of activities:					4	21.551	
Net change in fund balance as of June 30, 2017					\$	21,774	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated or useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amoun outlay in excess of depreciation in the current period.	ver th	eir estimated	i				
		Capital outlay				121,866	
De	_	ation expense				(120,973)	
	Gai	n on disposa	l			500	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current finan governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental fund the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term depth of the current of long-term depth of the principal consumes the current of long-term depth of the current of long-term depth of the principal consumes the current of long-term depth of the principal consumes the current of long-term depth of	of lo	ng-term deb	t				
		al repayment	S			120,000	
Change in net position-component unit		F J	-		\$	143,167	

Schedule of Indebtedness Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

2003 Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds

Date of Issue: May 1, 2003 Total Issue \$175,000

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Due As Follows:

			Annual	
Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Payable	Total Obligation
5.00%	10/1/2017	\$ 15,000	\$ 750	\$ 15,750

2015 Installment Purchase Agreement Ford Police Interceptor Vehicles – 2 Date of Issue: October 2, 2015

Total Issue \$49,793 Due As Follows:

			Annual	
Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Payable	Total Obligation
6.50%	10/2/2017	\$ 8,288	\$ 877	\$ 9,165

2017 Installment Purchase Agreement

Ford Police Interceptor Vehicle Date of Issue: March 15, 2017

Total Issue \$25,232 Due As Follows:

		Principal	Annual Interest	Total
Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Amount	Payable	Obligation
6.00%	3/15/2018	\$ 7,926	\$ 980	\$ 8,906
6.00%	3/15/2019	8,400	504	8,904
		\$ 16,326	\$ 1,484	\$ 17,810

Schedule of Indebtedness Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

 ${\bf 2010 A\ Oakland\text{-}Macomb\ Interceptor\ Drain\ Bond}$

Date of Issue: January 22, 2010

Village of Lake Orion Portion \$83,621 (.6612%)

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Bonds Due As Follows:

			Annual	
Interest	Date of	Principal	Interest	Total
Rate	Maturity	Amount	Payable	Obligation
2.50%	4/1/2018	\$ 7,802	\$ 3,235	\$ 11,037
2.50%	4/1/2019	8,001	3,040	11,041
2.50%	4/1/2020	8,232	2,840	11,072
2.50%	4/1/2021	8,430	2,634	11,064
2.50%	4/1/2022	8,629	2,424	11,053
2.50%	4/1/2023	8,860	2,208	11,068
2.50%	4/1/2024	9,092	1,986	11,078
2.50%	4/1/2025	9,323	1,759	11,082
2.50%	4/1/2026	9,554	1,526	11,080
2.50%	4/1/2027	9,786	1,286	11,072
2.50%	4/1/2028	10,050	1,042	11,092
2.50%	4/1/2029	10,282	790	11,072
2.50%	4/1/2030	10,545	534	11,079
2.50%	4/1/2031	10,811	270	11,081
		\$ 129,397	\$ 25,574	\$ 154,971

2010B Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Bond

Date of Issue: January 22, 2010

Village of Lake Orion Portion \$44,300 (.6612%)

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Bonds Due as Follows:

			Annual	
Interest	Date of	Principal	Interest	Total
Rate	Maturity	Amount	Payable	Obligation
4.35%	4/1/2018	\$ 1,851	\$ 1,826	\$ 3,677
4.70%	4/1/2019	1,951	1,746	3,697
4.90%	4/1/2020	2,050	1,654	3,704
5.10%	4/1/2021	2,149	1,554	3,703
5.25%	4/1/2022	2,248	1,444	3,692
5.45%	4/1/2023	2,380	1,326	3,706
5.45%	4/1/2024	2,512	1,196	3,708
5.70%	4/1/2025	2,645	1,060	3,705
5.70%	4/1/2026	2,777	910	3,687
5.90%	4/1/2027	2,942	750	3,692
5.90%	4/1/2028	3,075	577	3,652
5.90%	4/1/2029	3,273	396	3,669
5.90%	4/1/2030	3,438	202	3,640
		\$ 33,291	\$ 14,641	\$ 47,932

Schedule of Indebtedness Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

2011 Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Bond

Date of Issue: November 2011

Village of Lake Orion Portion \$207,251 (.6612%)

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Bonds Due As Follows:

Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Principal Amount	Annual Interest Payable	Total Obligation
2.50%	10/1/2017	\$ 8,727	\$ 4,448	\$ 13,175
2.50%	10/1/2017	8,970	4,227	13,197
2.50%	10/1/2019	9,173	4,000	13,173
2.50%	10/1/2019	9,417	3,768	13,185
2.50%	10/1/2021	9,660	3,529	13,189
2.50%	10/1/2021	9,863	3,285	13,148
2.50%	10/1/2023	10,148	3,035	13,183
2.50%	10/1/2024	10,391	2,778	13,169
2.50%	10/1/2025	10,635	2,515	13,150
2.50%	10/1/2026	10,919	2,246	13,165
2.50%	10/1/2020	11,203	1,970	13,173
2.50%	10/1/2028	11,446	1,687	13,133
2.50%	10/1/2028	11,730	1,397	13,127
2.50%	10/1/2029	12,055	1,099	13,154
2.50%	10/1/2030	12,339	794	13,133
2.50%	10/1/2031	12,664	482	13,146
2.50%	10/1/2032	12,948	162	13,110
2.3070	10/1/2033	\$ 182,288	\$ 41,422	\$ 223,710

 ${\bf 2013 A\ Oakland\text{-}Macomb\ Interceptor\ Drain\ Bond}$

Date of Issue: June 2013

Village of Lake Orion Portion \$452,251 (.6612%)

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Bonds Due as Follows:

			Annual	
Interest	Date of	Principal	Interest	Total
Rate	Maturity	Amount	Payable	Obligation
2.00%	10/1/2017	\$ 19,370	\$ 8,100	\$ 27,470
2.00%	10/1/2018	19,752	7,708	27,460
2.00%	10/1/2019	20,134	7,309	27,443
2.00%	10/1/2020	20,551	6,902	27,453
2.00%	10/1/2021	20,967	6,487	27,454
2.00%	10/1/2022	21,384	6,064	27,448
2.00%	10/1/2023	21,800	5,632	27,432
2.00%	10/1/2024	22,252	5,191	27,443
2.00%	10/1/2025	22,668	4,742	27,410
2.00%	10/1/2026	23,154	4,284	27,438
2.00%	10/1/2027	23,605	3,816	27,421
2.00%	10/1/2028	24,091	3,339	27,430
2.00%	10/1/2029	24,543	2,853	27,396
2.00%	10/1/2030	25,063	2,357	27,420
2.00%	10/1/2031	25,549	1,851	27,400
2.00%	10/1/2032	26,070	1,335	27,405
2.00%	10/1/2033	26,591	808	27,399
2.00%	10/1/2034	27,228	271	27,499
		\$ 414,772	\$ 79,049	\$ 493,821

Schedule of Indebtedness Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

2014A Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Bond Date of Issue: September 2014 Village of Lake Orion Portion \$66,124 (.6612%) Interest Due April 1 and October 1 Bonds Due As Follows:

Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Principal Amount	Annual Interest Payable	Total Obligation
2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00%	10/1/2017 10/1/2018 10/1/2019 10/1/2020 10/1/2021 10/1/2022 10/1/2023 10/1/2024 10/1/2025 10/1/2026 10/1/2027 10/1/2028	\$ 2,650 2,742 2,788 2,879 2,925 3,016 3,107 3,153 3,245 3,382 3,473 3,564	\$ 1,575 1,521 1,466 1,409 1,351 1,292 1,231 1,168 1,087 988 886 780	\$ 4,225 4,263 4,254 4,288 4,276 4,308 4,338 4,321 4,332 4,370 4,359 4,344
3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 2.50% 3.125%	10/1/2029 10/1/2030 10/1/2031 10/1/2032 10/1/2033 10/1/2034	3,701 3,793 3,930 4,067 4,204 4,341 \$ 60,960	671 559 443 323 199 68 \$ 17,017	4,372 4,352 4,373 4,390 4,403 4,409 \$ 77,977

2015 Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Bond Date of Issue: April 2015 Village of Lake Orion Portion \$66,120 (.6612%) Interest Due April 1 and October 1 Bonds Due as Follows:

2.00%	4/1/2018	\$ 2.678		
2.25% 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 2.75% 2.75% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00% 3.00%	4/1/2019 4/1/2020 4/1/2021 4/1/2022 4/1/2023 4/1/2024 4/1/2025 4/1/2026 4/1/2027 4/1/2028	2,711 2,777 2,843 2,909 3,008 3,108 3,174 3,273 3,372 3,471	\$ 1,834 1,780 1,718 1,650 1,578 1,506 1,422 1,338 1,242 1,144 1,042	\$ 4,512 4,491 4,495 4,493 4,487 4,514 4,530 4,512 4,515 4,516 4,513
3.25% 3.25% 3.25% 3.50% 3.50% 3.50% 3.50%	4/1/2029 4/1/2030 4/1/2031 4/1/2032 4/1/2033 4/1/2034 4/1/2035	3,570 3,670 3,802 3,934 4,066 4,199 4,364 \$ 60,929	938 822 704 580 442 300 152 \$ 20,192	4,508 4,492 4,506 4,514 4,508 4,499 4,516 \$ 81,121

Schedule of Indebtedness Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

2015 Oakland-Macomb Interceptor Drain Bond – SAW Loan

Date of Issue: April 2015

Village of Lake Orion Portion \$66,120 (.6612%)

Interest Due April 1 and October 1

Bonds Due As Follows:

		Annual			
Interest	Date of	Principal	Interest	Total	
Rate	Maturity	Amount	Payable	Obligation	
2.50%	4/1/2018	\$ 2,711	\$ 1,522	\$ 4,233	
2.50%	4/1/2019	2,777	1,454	4,231	
2.50%	4/1/2020	2,876	1,386	4,262	
2.50%	4/1/2021	2,942	1,314	4,256	
2.50%	4/1/2022	3,008	1,240	4,248	
2.50%	4/1/2023	3,075	1,164	4,239	
2.50%	4/1/2024	3,141	1,088	4,229	
2.50%	4/1/2025	3,240	1,009	4,249	
2.50%	4/1/2026	3,306	928	4,234	
2.50%	4/1/2027	3,405	846	4,251	
2.50%	4/1/2028	3,471	760	4,231	
2.50%	4/1/2029	3,570	674	4,244	
2.50%	4/1/2030	3,670	584	4,254	
2.50%	4/1/2031	3,769	492	4,261	
2.50%	4/1/2032	3,835	398	4,233	
2.50%	4/1/2033	3,934	302	4,236	
2.50%	4/1/2034	4,034	204	4,238	
2.50%	4/1/2035	4,132	104	4,236	
		\$ 60,896	\$ 15,469	\$ 76,365	